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New Generation Controller strives for Convenience

The next generation of controllers with the performance far exceeding the previous models are finally here.
The dynamic performance \& basic software package (SEL Language) are greatly improved with more commands, a greater program data capacity, and improved safety and maintainability.

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## Compact Type with Limited Function



Compact Type: 1 Axis

Features Dedicated I/O

## All-Purpose EU Type with Advanced Function



All-Purpose EU Type: 1 Axis

All-Purpose EU Type: 2 Axes


All-Purpose EU Type: 3 / 4 Axes

Features Expandable I/O

1 Axis Actuator Actuators corresponding to the X-SEL


ISP $\begin{aligned} & \text { High Speed \& Accuracy } \\ & \text { Maximum Stroke Length th } 2,500 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & \text { Maximum Horizontal Payload } 150 \mathrm{~kg}\end{aligned}$
 Maximum Stroke Length $1,600 \mathrm{~mm}$
Maximum Horizontal Payload 150 Maxim velocity 2 .000 mm/ sec

 Maximum Stroke 2,500mm.
Maximum Horizontal Payload 80 kg
Maximum Velocity 1, comm $/ \mathrm{sec}$.

IS $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dust Shield Type } \\ & \text { Maximum stroke }\end{aligned}$ Maximum Stroke Length 1.600 mm
Maximum Horizontal Payload 80 k Maximum Horizontal Payload 80kg
Maximum velocity $1,000 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$
ISD-CR

Clean Room Type
Class 10 Compliance
Maximum Stroke Length $1,200 \mathrm{~mm}$
Maximum Horizontal Payload Maximum Horizontal Payload 80 kg
Maximum Velocity $1,1000 \mathrm{~m}$



IF High Rigidity Base Structure
High Rigidity Base Structure
Belt Drive Type Actuator
lex Maximum Stroke Length 2.500 mm
Maximum Horizontal Payload 40 kg
Maximum Vel Maximum Horizontal Payload 40
Maximum Velocity $1,750 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$

BS
Dynamic System Compact Type Maximum Stroke Length 600 mm Maximum Horizontal Payload 12 kg
Maximum Velocity $800 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$

Robs
Cylinder
So
Many RCS actuators are compatible with
 pensive, interpolated motion. RCP or RCS
actuator may bused with the $x$-GEL
using discrete I/O. using discrete //o.

The single-axis actuators above may be combined in a multitude of multi-axis configurations.

2 Axes Configuration

## Configuration Example



The overall length of the IS/ICS series is slightly different for the SEL E/G controller and $X$-SEL controller specifications. When
using the $X$-SEL Controller, please refer to the is catalogue for $x$-GEL.

3.4 Axes Configuration

## Configuration

 Example

For additional configurations, plea
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## New Features

Since the introduction of our first Single Controller in 1986, Intelligent Actuator, Inc., has pursued innovation in speed, power, safety and serviceability. The high performance X-SEL controller is the culmination of 15 years of technological advancement.


## All-in-one controller with newly developed digital senvo driver.

A newly developed digital-servo driver is used in conjunction with a 17-bit serial encoder. Compared to the previous models (E/G Type), acceleration and deceleration of the velocity function is improved drastically which shortens tact time.

Work efficiency is improved with absolute encoders
Since the 17 bit absolute encoder data has battery back-up, homing is not required fter power up or when it recovers from an emergency stop. This option increases efficiency and productivity by reducing start-up and recovery time.

## All control boards and components are easily accessible.

Expansion I/O cards can be inserted in seconds, and the source of any trouble quickly diagnosed.

## Enhanced safety features and CE certification.

X-SEL Controller System has protection for external equipment following RAS(Reliability • Availability Serviceability) guidelines. The safety function is enhanced by improving emergency stop and motor
drive power shut off functionality when an error occurs.

## Incremental

## Increased PATH Speed \& Accuracy

Due to the increased processing speed of the controller, the locus accuracy is greatly improved
Moreover, the speed of a path and a circle are faster with greater accuracy for dispensing.

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## New Functions

With improved movement performance in acceleration/deceleration, locus accuracy, and new functions such as synchronised axis operation, infinite stroke movement, push mode, and zone signal, the X-SEL can be used

for various applications.

## Synchro Operation

2 axis synchronous motion can handle payload which was not possible with single axis. Also it allows a longer $Y$ axis for the gantry type.

## Zone Signal



The zone signal is the function that can output a signal when a slider moves inside a zone defined by the user. This function is convenient for interlocking and timing with peripherals devices. The maximum setting points are 4 (4 zones) for each axis.


## Push Movement

It can continue to push a slider against a load like an air cylinder. You can use it for pushing parts, clamping, press fitting, etc. Since a signal can be output when it pushes against parts, distinction of work loads is possible.

## Infinite Stroke Operation

By using the jog function, you can move infinitely in one direction like a conveyer.

Infinite rotation is possible

## Program Data Memory is Increased

Program step number is 6,000 steps (Top level class). Point number is 3,000 positions.
Since a maximum of 16 programs can be multi-tasked simultaneously, complex control is possible.

## 72 new Commands are added to the Program. E/G Type 111 Commands -> X-SEL 186 Commands

The Super SEL Language has a reputation for making complicated control easy. New commands are added to the program.

## Example

- Palletise Commands • Arch Motion Commands
- Spline Commands and more


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## Upgraded Function - Path Operation

Various kinds of path movements including 3D path movement are available.

## 3D Path Movement



P20 Ending Position

| Command | Operation 1 | Operation 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PATH | P1 | P20 |

Regardless of number of points, Path command uses only one line.
t can complete continuous motion from the designated start position (ex. P1) to end position (ex. P20) without stopping.
Dispensing on a complicated shape is as simple as designating the start position No. and the end posidesignating the start position No. and the end posiutively in the point table. Path movement can be 3D, therefore, dispensing operation of 3D objects is postherefore, dispensing operation of 3D objects is pos sible. Moreover, since the processing speed of the ontroller is much faster, the velocity and locus accudate more complex shapes.

## Spline Movement

Moves continuously from the designated base posi tion to the ending position via spline interpolated curved motion.


## 3D Arc Motion

You can easily execute arc motion by simply selecting 2 conditions using the following commands

## CIRS

Circle movement (3-dimensional movement) that passes along the passage positions 1 and 2 in order with the pre sent position as the starting point is performed.

## ARCS

passes along a passage position with the present position as the starting point, and arc movement (3-dimensional movement) to an end position is performed.

## PRDQ

It reads into the variable, which specified the present position of axial No. specified by operand 1 by operand 2 . The present position is acquirable from a PRED command at high speed.

## Arc Motion

## CIR, CIR2

Executes circular motion from the current position and passing through positions 1 and 2 .


## ARCC

Executes arc motion from the current position based on the designated centre angle and with a designated centre position as the radius


ARC, ARC2
Execute arc motion from the current position passing through positions 1 and 2 .


## ARCD

Executes arc motion from the base position to a designated ending position based on the centre angle.

Ending Position


## Super SEL Language Exceptional Control, and Simplicity!

Super SEL Language which allows advanced control with simple program has been improved. New function such as palletise command, virtual ladder task and spline command are added to X-SEL controller. The result is an increase in the number of commands from 111 to 186 and using the Super SEL Language has become even easier

## What is Super SEL Language?

Super SEL Language is the simplest language among the many robot languages. Super SEL Language solves difficult problems, achieving advanced control using simple expression.

The flow chart below is one example.


BASIC Language requires 3 steps.

| Step | Label | Command |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 |  | IF(600) $=1$ THEN NEXT |
| 2 |  | MOVE P10 |
| 3 |  | DOUT(310) $=1 \mathrm{~B}$ |
| 4 | NEXT | The following operation <br> command |

## Comparison to Previous Model (E/G Type)

X-SEL's programming related function and spec are improved dramatically compared to the previous model (E/G Type).


Global is used in all programs.
Local is used in each program.

Introduction of New Function
Virtual Input/Output Port
System information can be output by SEL Program.
ex) Port No.7002: Controller back up battery low voltage warning.

| No. | ${ }_{\substack{\text { mput Condition } \\ \text { (Cno) }}}^{\text {and }}$ | ${ }_{\text {coma }}^{\substack{\text { Command } \\ \text { (Cmad) }}}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Operation } \\ \text { (Operand 1) } \end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Operation 2 } \\ \text { (Operand 2) } \end{gathered}$ | $\xrightarrow[\substack{\text { Output } \\ \text { (stit }}]{\text { ate }}$ | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 7002 | BTON | 301 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

By executing above step, output 301 turns on when back up battery is low.

## Symbol Definition

You can name various symbols in the program with X-SEL Controller. Thus it is easier to understand the program.
*Maximum 9 small letters of alphabet and number.
Symbolised Sign
: Variables (Integers and real number), Flag No, Input and Output Port
No.,Program No., Tag No., Subroutine No., Position No., and Axis No..

| No. | ${ }^{\text {Imput Condition }}$ (Cind) | ${ }_{\text {command }}^{\text {Comal }}$ | (operand 1) | (\%peration ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ | (Pst) | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | BTOF | complete |  |  | Positioning complete signal tums |
| 2 |  | MOVP | waitpoint |  |  | It moves to a waiting point |
| 3 |  | втол | complete |  |  | Signat ums on anter the completion of move |
| 4 |  | MOVP | supplypt |  |  | It moves to a supplying point |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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## New Commands for Palletising

Palletise Commands were added to make palletising easie
The Palletising is set by designating palletise points (work payload position, order, etc.) and executed by using movement commands. You can set-up 10 palletising pattem (Pallet No.1~10) in 1 program.

## Palletise Pattern Setting

You can select the pattern for palletising.


## Palletise the Number of

 Setting points

## 3 Point Teaching

You can set up a pallet just by teaching 3 points The first point $i$ the base point, the second is the and point in the $X$ axis direction, and the third is the end point in the $Y$ axis direction. Pitch is automatically calculated from the setting of each axis. Setting of 3 point teaching is also possible in XYZ 3D plane.

## Arch Motion

When you execute palletising or pick \& place using $Z$ axis, this function moves $X$ $\& Y$ axes before the $Z$ axis reaches the point, thereby reducing moving time. You can change the beginning point and the ending point of the arch by arch trigger setting.


## Movement Commands

PMVP Executes PTP (Point to Point) movement to computed palletise point. PACH Executes arch motion from the current position to the selected palletise point.

## *Sample Program *

| Step No. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { Expansion Condition } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Imput Condition } \\ \text { (Cnd) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Command } \\ & \text { (Comnd) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Operation } 1 \\ \text { (Operand 1) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Operation 2 } \\ \text { (Operand 2) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Output } \\ \text { (Pst) } \end{gathered}$ | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  | BGPA | 1 |  |  | Palette No. 1 setting start |
| 2 |  |  | PASE | 1 | 2 |  | Set palletise axis |
|  |  |  | PAPI | 5 | 5 |  | Set palletise numbers |
| 4 |  |  | PAPN | 1 |  |  | Set palletise pattern |
|  |  |  | PAPT | 20 | 20 |  | Set palletise pitch |
| 6 |  |  | EDPA |  |  |  | Palette No .1 setting completion |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  | HOME | 11 |  |  | returns home |
|  |  |  | VEL | 500 |  |  | Set velocity $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$ |
| 10 |  |  | TAG | 1 |  |  | GOTO jump place of Step 17 |
| 11 |  |  | MOVL | 1 |  |  | Moves to position 1 (supplying point) |
| 12 |  |  | PMVL | 1 |  |  | Moves to a palletise position |
| 13 |  |  | PINC | 1 |  |  | One advance about palletise position No. 1 |
| 14 |  |  | PTNG | 1 | 1 |  | Acquires current palletise position |
| 15 |  |  | CPGE | 1 | 25 | 900 | When palletise position reaches 25 , output flag |
| 16 |  | 900 | PSET | 1 | 1 |  | Returns to position 1 after reaches position 25 |
| 17 |  |  | Gото | 1 |  |  | $J$ umps to TAG 1 of step 1 |

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## New Command - Virtual Ladder Task

The Ladder Task used by the PLC can be executed by the Super SEL Language.
The program structure is similar to ladder logic, so, it's easy to convert from a ladder sequence.
Caution: Since this program is a software ladder which uses an interpreter, processing time is much slower compared to a PLC Therefore, it's not suitable for large scale ladder processing

X-SEL supports And and Or Block logic which is essential to program complicated circuitry requiring multiple conditions
expressed in X EL ladder command structure as shown below.

Ladder Task

| Command | Common PLC Command |
| :---: | :---: |
| LD | ANB or AND LD |
| OB | ORB or OR LD |



X-SEL Ladder Command

| Command | Common PLC command |
| :---: | :---: |
| LD | LOAD |
| A | AND |
| O | OR |
| OUTR | OUT |


| No. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Expansion Condtion } \\ (E) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | N | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Imput Condition } \\ \text { (Cnd) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Command } \\ \text { (Cmnd) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Operation } 1 \\ & \text { (Operand 1) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Operation 2 | $\begin{gathered} \substack{\text { Output Port } \\ \text { (Pst) }} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | LD |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | A |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | - |  | 300 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | A | N | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | A | N | 301 |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | LD |  | 3 | OUTR | 300 |  |  |
| 7 | A |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | o |  | 301 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | A | N | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | A | N | 300 | OUTR | 301 |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Super SEL Language Main Command Chart

## X-SEL

There are 186 commands in Super SEL Language and all of those commands have symbols related to the meaning. grams using various commands.

| Actuator control declaration |
| :--- |
| Command Function <br> VEL Set velocity <br> OVRD Set velocity ratio <br> ACC Set acceleration <br> DCL Set deceleration <br> SCRV Set S-⿰亻otion ratio <br> OFST Set offset <br> DEG Set angle of division <br> BASE Set base axis <br> GRP Set group axis <br> HOLD Hold port <br> CANC Cancellation <br> VLMX Set VLMX velocity <br> DIS Set spline <br> POTP Set PATH output type <br> PAPR Set push <br> QRTN Quick return mode |


| Actuator control command |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| SVON | Servo on |
| SVOF | Servo off |
| home | Home |
| MOVP | Move to designated position |
| MOVL | Interpolated move to designated position |
| MVPI | Incremental move to a position |
| MVLI | Incremental interpolated move to a position |
| PATH | Path movement |
| CIR | Circular movement |
| ARC | Arc movement |
| JBWF | J og backward at input off |
| JBWN | J og backward at input on |
| J FWF | $J$ og forward at input off |
| JFWN | $J$ og forward at input on |
| STOP | Axis slows to a halt |
| PSPL | Spline move |
| PUSH | Push move |
| CIR2 | Circular movement 2 |
| ARC2 | Arc movement 2 |
| CHVL | Velocitry change |
| ARCD | End position designated arc movement |
| ARCC | Centre position designated arc movement |
| PBND | Set positioning range |
| CIRS | 3D circular movement |
| ARCS | 3D arc movement |


| Program control |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| GOTO | Jump |
| TAG | Declarare jump target |
| EXSR | Execute subroutine |
| BGSR | Begin subroutine |
| EDSR | End subroutine |

## Position command

| Command | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| PGET | Assign position to variable 199 |
| PPUT | Assign value of variable 199 |
| PCLR | Clear position data |
| PCPY | Copy position data |
| PRED | Read current position of axis |
| PTST | Confim position data |
| PVEL | Assign position velocity |
| PACC | Assign position acceleration |
| PDCL | Assign position deceleration |
| PAXS | Read axis pattern |
| PSIZ | Check position size |
| GVEL | Acquire velocity data |
| GACC | Acquire acceleration data |
| GDCL | Acquire deceleration data |
| PRDQ | Read current position of designated axis |


| Input/output flag operation |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| BTON | Output port. Flag on |
| BTOF | Output port. Flag off |
| BTNT | Output port. Flag reverse |
| WTON | Input \& Output port. Wait flag on |
| WTOF | Input \& Output port. Wait flag off |
| IN | Binary input |
| INB | BCD input |
| OUT | Binary output |
| OUTB | BCD output |
| BTPN | ON pulse output |
| BTPF | OFF pulse output |


| Timer |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| TIMW | Timer |
| TIMC | Cancel timer |
| GTMM | Acquire time |


| Task control |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| EXIT | Exit program |
| EXPG | Execute program |
| APBG | Stop other program |
| SSPG | Pause program |
| RSPG | Restart program |


|  | k construction |
| :---: | :---: |
| TPCD | Designate a process when input conditions |
| CHPR | Change task level |
| TSLP | Task sleep |
| OUTR | Output relay for a ladder |

Variable

| Command | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| LET | Assign |
| TRAN | Copy |
| CLR | Clear variables |

## Arithmetic calculation

| ADD | Add |
| :---: | :---: |
| SUB | Subtract |
| MULT | Multily |
| DIV | Divide |
| MOD | Remainder |

Functional calculation

| SIN | Sine |
| :---: | :---: |
| COS | Cosine |
| TAN | Tangent |
| ATN | Arctangent |
| SQR | Square root |

Logical calculation

| Logical calculation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AND | Logic and |  |
| OR | Logic or |  |
| EOR | Exclusive logic |  |

Comparison

| Comparison |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CPEQ | Compare equal |
| CPNE | Compare not equal |
| CPGT | Compare greater than |
| CPGE | Comparealer equal |
| CPLT | Compare less or equal |
| CPLE |  |



| Command | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| ARCH | Arch motion |
| ACHZ | Arch motion Z axis declaration |
| ATRG | Set arch triger |
| OFPZ | Set palletise Z axis offset |
| BGPA | Declare the start of palletise setting |
| EDPA | Declare the end of palletise setting |
| PASE | Set palletising axis |
| PAPT | Set palletising pitch |
| PAPI | Set palletising No. |
| PAPS | Set palletising points (3 points teaching) |
| PAPN | Set palletising pattern |
| PSLI | Set zig-zag |
| PCHZ | Set the palletising Z axis |
| PACH | Arch motion at the palletising points |
| OFAZ | Set the Z axis offset value of arch motion |
| PMVP | PTP move to palletising points |
| PMVL | Move between the palletising points |
| PTNG | Acquire palletising position No. |
| PING | Calculate the palletise position No. +1 |
| PDEC | Calculate the palletise position No. -1 |
| PSET | Direct set of the palletising position No. |
| PAPG | Acquire palletising calculation data |
| PTRG | Set arch trigger of palletising |
| PEXT | Set palletising combination |
| AEXT | Set arch motion combination |
| PARG | Acquire palletising angle |
| PAST | Set the base point of palletising |

System information and acquisition

| AXST | Acquire axis status |
| :---: | :---: |
| PGST | Acquire program status |
| SYST | Acquire system status |

Communication

| OPEN | Open channel |
| :---: | :---: |
| CLOS | Close channel |
| READ | Input from channel |
| WRIT | Output to channel |
| SCHA | Set ending character |
| TMRD | Set the value of READ time out |

String operation

| SCPY | Copy strings |
| :---: | :---: |
| SCMP | Compare strings |
| SGET | Acquire strings |
| SPUT | Set strings |
| STR | Decimal conversion of strings |
| STRH | Hexaecimal conversion of strings |
| VAL | Decimal conversion of data in strings |
| VALH | Hexadecimal conversion of data in strings |
| SLEN | Set length |

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## RAS

X-SEL employs control, driver, and power units RAS to protect the controller.

## RAS Control Unit

When the system starts up, it reads various device structure information stored in the controller and checks the adjustments of hardware and parameters.
You can check various errors detected by the main CPU from the teaching pendant and the PC software.

## RAS Driver Unit

This system can shut off motor driver power for safety through hardware or software according to various conditions.
(emergency stop input from outside, internal system error, encoder disconnection, etc.)

## RAS Power Source Unit

RAS checks for heating up of switching the power source and the over heat of the regenerative resistance, AC power input voltage abnormality, motor driver power voltage abnormality, etc. and shuts off motor and commands an emergency stop to the driver
When the power is turned ON, it checks emergency stop relay contact. If there are problems, the system will not operate.

## Other Function

Holds more than 700 error messages
The number of error messages has increased and it makes troubleshooting faster and more accurate compared to the E/G Type Controller.

Stores Maximum of 50 Error Message History
Maximum of 50 error message history with related information can be stored and this would help solve problems faster and make operation more efficient.

I/O Processing Program during All Operation Stop
The I/O processing program which starts up when emergency stop or operation pause signal is input, is added.

Emergency ABS-> INC Switching Function
When the data battery is gone while using absolute type, it would able to be used as
incremental type by adjusting the parameters.
System Error Output By Virtual Input/Output Port
By setting virtual input port which indicates error occurrence classified by level, you can output output occurrence. You can also output error contents of each axis and program by using SEL language commands.

## Network

Recently, Network Systems are widely used with less wiring and data communication. X-SEL Controller corresponds to domestic and international main network systems.

## Various Network specification

|  | DeviceNet | CC-Link | PROFIBUS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Communication Standard | DeviceNet 2.0 Group 2 Only Server | CC-Link Ver. 1.10 <br> Remote device station Remote I/O station | PROFIBUS-DP Ver. 1.10 Slave |
| Communication Speed | 500K/250K/ 125K band | 10M/5M/2.5M/ 625K/156Kbps | $\begin{gathered} \text { 12M/1.5M/ } \\ 500 \mathrm{~K} / 187.5 \mathrm{Kbps} \end{gathered}$ |
| Transmission Distance | 100m/250m/500m | $100 \mathrm{~m} / 160 \mathrm{~m} / 400 \mathrm{~m} /$ $900 \mathrm{~m} / 1200 \mathrm{~m}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \mathrm{~m} / 200 \mathrm{~m} / 400 \mathrm{~m} \\ 1000 \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ |
| Power | Supply from DeviceNet <br> side (24V) | Supply from X-SEL Controller | Supply from X-SEL Controller |
| 1/O Points(1 card) | Input 256 points(Max) Output 256 points(Max) | Input 256 points(Max) Output 256 points(Max) | Input 256 points(Max) Output 256 points(Max) |
| Max Card Installation | 1 | 1 | 1 |



## Network Corresponding Model Type

|  | Controller Type | Network /O Point | Standard Slot | Expansion Slot 1 | Expansion Slot 2 | Expansion Slot 3 | Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DeviceNet | E Type | 256/256 | - | ${ }^{1 *}$ | ${ }^{1 *}$ | $1^{*}$ | XSEL-KE-D-D-D-D |
| CC-Link | KE Type | 256/256 | - | ${ }^{1 *}$ | ${ }^{1 *}$ | ${ }^{1 *}$ | XSEL-KE-O-a-C-a |
| PROFIBUS | KE Type | 256/256 | - | $1^{*}$ | ${ }^{1 *}$ | 1* | XSEL-KE-D-a-R-D |

[^1]
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## Substantial Debug Function - PC Software

This start up supporting software makes programming, setting position input, testing of axes, and monitoring of input \& output signals of the controller possible. By adding debug functions such as step by step tracing and break point functions, it makes debugging more efficient.

- You can open several windows and operate them at the same time
- When the program is running, the current steps are classified by 3 colours making easy to check program status (Steps are classified by blue, red and green according to status).
- You can execute the program step by step (Step Execution Function).
- You can pause the program at an arbitrary position (Break Point Function).


## Program Edit Window



- You can do direct value input, jog movement, incremental movement and obtain the current position or obtain current position from manual operation with the SERVO OFF in the position edit window.


## Position Edit WIndow



- You can monitor Input \& Output Ports, Flags, Integer Variables, Real Number Variables, and Axis status in the monitor window.


## Monitor Window


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## Option

Teaching Pendant

## Controller

## XSEL-KE-3-20A-10A-06IBL-P-EEE-2


$\underset{\substack{\text { 8. Expansion Slots (Slot 2, 3, 4) } \\ \text { E. Not used }}}{\text { ) }}$






Type simplified chart

| KE Type (all-purpose EU type) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1Axis | 2 Axes | 3Axes | 4 Axes |
| Absolute | XSEL-KE-1-DA | XSEL-KE-2-पA-DA | XSEL-KE-3-DA-DA-पA | XSEL-KE-4DA-DA-DA-DA |
| Incremental | XSEL-KE-1-पI | XSEL-KE-2-미-ᄆI | XSELE-KE-3-미-미-미 | XSEL-KE-4-미-미-미-[\|I| |
| Remarks | Motor wattage of 1 axis is $30 \sim 750 \mathrm{w}$. | Motor wattage of 2 axes is total of 1600 W . | Motor wattage of 3 axes is total of 1600 W . | Motor wattage of 4 axes is total of 1600 W . |

*When power supply voltage is 100 V , keep in mind that the maximum total wattage of axes is limited to 800 W .

## Option/Cable Type

| Name | Type | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teaching Pendant | IA-T-X | Cable 4m |
| Teaching Pendant (with Deadman Switch) | IA-T-XD | Cable 4m |
| PC Interface Software | IA-101-X-MW | Included cable 2 m |
| Expansion I/O Card (32 In/16 Out) PNP | 1 A-103-X-32-P | Total of 3 cards (All-Purpose EU Type) |
| Expansion I/O Card (16 In/32 Out) PNP | A 4 -103-X-16-P | Total of 3 Cards (Al-Purpose EU Type) |
| Regenerative Resistance Unit | REU-1 | Included Controller Connection Cable (1m) |
| Battery for holding absolute data | IA-XAB-BT | integrated with case |
| Motor Cable | Cb-XEU-MA-70] | Standard 5m |
| Encoder Cable | CB-X(C)EU-PA-70] | Standard 5m |
| Limit Switch Cable | Cb-x(C)EU-LC--70 | Standard 5m |
| I/O Flat Cable |  | Standard 2 m |
| Expansion SIO Card | IA-105-x-MW | 1 card corresponds 2ch Max 3 cards (6ch) |

[^2]

KE Type (all-purpose EU typ

Mode

Feature

IA-T-X (standard)
IA-T-XD (features deadman switch)

- This has program / position input, test


## Expansion I/O Board (PNP)

Model IA-103-X-32-P (32 input points / 16 output points) IA-103-X-16-P (16 input points / 32 output points)

- This board is for expansion of $1 / 0$
- Special design accommodates easy expansion, simply remove the cover and are $1 / \mathrm{C}$ cards.
- All-Purpose EU Type accommodates up to 3 expansion boards, totaling 192 inputs/outputs

Battery for Absolute Data

Model

Feature

Specification

IA-X-BT

- This is the data back up battery for the absolute encoder application Exchange the battery when the controller displays the battery alarm signal.

Battery and case are integrated into a single unit.
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1. FG Connection Teminal
2. Circuit Protecter
3. AC Input Connector
4. Extemal Regenerative

Unit Connection Connector
5. Motor Connector

6 Axis Sensor Conector
7. Battery for Absolute Data
8. Brake Switch
(only for brake specifications)
(only for brake specifications)


| Code | Colour | Content when turned ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALM | Orange | Indicates error detection in the driver area. |
| SVON | Green | Indicates executing driver to motor during servo On status |
| BATT <br> ALM | Orange | Indicates battery voltage drop of battery for absloute |


| Encoder Connector | This is the 15 pin D -sub connector used to connect the actuator encoder. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 11. System /o Connector | This is the ornector to execute $1 / \mathrm{O}$ for two inputs |
|  | that control the actuator movement and output device status (plug is included on the cable sid |

J Type (compact)
3. 5. 10. 13. 11.

6. 1. 7. 17

This is the connection end to connect to the FG. The PE and Box are oonected within the contoin This is ite protective device for overcurent
protection of $A C$ input. protection of AC input
This is the connector for AC 100/230V single phase innut (thug to the cable side is included).
This is the connectorto connect te This is the connector to connect the regenerative
resistance unit that connects in case capacity is resistance unit that connects in case capacitiy is
lacked in intemang generative resistance in high
speedraigh load speed/high hood.
This is the conne
actuator.
 LS, CREEP and OT.
This is the battery unit for encoder backup for absolute encoder application.
This is the atemato suitch This is the a atemator switch with hock used to
release the axis brake. Duning usae us towards you to opeorate. The upper position wil

| Code | Name | Content when turned ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Emg | Emergency <br> Stop Inp | Movement possible during ON, emergency stop during OfF. |
| enb | Safety Gate Inpu | Movement possible during ON, Sevo OFF during OFF. |
| RDY |  | Outputs status of main controller. Cascade connection is possible. Ready short, not ready in open. |

12. IIO 24 V DC Power

This is the connector that supplies insulated I/
power extemally when DI, DO are mounted to power exterally when DII, DO are mounted to
the //O of $17 \propto 18$ (plug to the cable side is
included) included.).
inisplays Displays four character of 7 segment $L$ LED and
five LED lamps, which indicate device status. five LED lamps, which indicate device status.
This is the atemator svitch with lock used to
instruct the movement mode of the controller. instruct the movement mode of the controller
During operation you will need to pull it towars
you before operating MANu Mod During operation, you will need to pull it towards
you before operating MANU Mode manual is
on the top and ATOO mode (automatic) is on on the top and AUTO mode (automatic is on
the bottom. Teaching operation is allowed only
 extemal IOO is not possibl in MANU mode.
This is the $D$-sub 25 pin connector used to con This is the D--sub 25 pin connector used to con
nect the teaching pendant or PC to input the net.
program.
This is the This is the D -sub 9 pin connector used to exe
cute serial communication (RS232C) and host cute serial communication (RS232C) and host
device in auto mode ( ©TE Teminal is inter Changeable to PC-AT).
This is composed of 50 This is composed of 50 pin flat
has 10 of 32 input/16 output. Connects to $/ 0$ o board fore fext.
18. Expansionvo Conector
*15 \& 16 cannot be used simultaneously.

## KE Type (All-Puropose EU)

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 4. } 3 . & 5 . & \text { 10. 11.12. 13. } 14\end{array}$

6.
7. 8. 9. 17. 18 .

|  | J Type (Compact) | KE Type (All-Purpose EU) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Feature | Compact size, reasonable price with high performance | Superior in expansion capability |
| Model | J | KE |
| Encoder Type | Incremental Absolute | Incremental Absolute |
| Mximum number of Axes | 1 axis | 4 axes |
| Total number of wattage* | 800w <400A> | 1600w <800w> |
| 1/O expansion | Unavailable | Total of 192 points |
| Network compliance | Unavailable | Available |
| Electric disconnect during emergency stop** | Semi-conductor | Relay |



## External Input and Output (I/O)

Standard X-SEL Controller has 32 inputs and 16 outputs. The All-Purpose EU type can have a maximum of 192 inputs and outputs by adding the expansion I/O cards, (The Compact Type can't be expanded). The I/O card comes in 32 inputs and 16 outputs or 16 inputs and 32 outputs. Select one according to your needs. The first slot must be 32 inputs and 16 outputs.

## I/O Signal Switching Function

Assigned function of each I/O port can be changed by the parameters. For example, all inputs and outputs can Ass set to user I/O and exclusive function assigned to each port can be also selected (The standard V/O signal chart of the next page is the standard setting at the time of shipping).

## Extemal Input and Output Specification

To use I/O, 24 V DC power source is required. Supply 24 V to pinl and pin 50 of the I/O on J Type. Supply 24 V DC to the I/O power source connecter on the KE Type. Refer to specification and circuit below.


## Standard I/O Signal Chart

| Pin No. | Section | Port No. | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | - | All-urpose EU:NC; Compact +22 V input |
| 2 |  | 000 | Program start |
| 3 |  | 001 | User Input |
| 4 |  | 002 | User Input |
| 5 |  | 003 | User Input |
| 6 |  | 004 | User Input |
| 7 |  | 005 | User Input |
| 8 |  | 006 | User Input |
| 9 |  | 007 | PRG 1 Input |
| 10 |  | ${ }^{008}$ | PRG 2 Input |
| 11 |  | 009 | PRG 4 Input |
| 12 |  | 010 | PRG 8 Input |
| 13 |  | 011 | PRG 10 Input |
| 14 |  | 012 | PRG 20 Input |
| 15 |  | 013 | PRG 40 Input |
| 16 |  | 014 | User Input |
| 17 | Input | 015 | User Input |
| 18 |  | 016 | User Input |
| 19 |  | 017 | User Input |
| 20 |  | 018 | User Input |
| 21 |  | 019 | User Input |
| 22 |  | 020 | User Input |
| 23 |  | ${ }^{021}$ | User Input |
| 24 |  | 022 | User Input |
| 25 |  | 023 | User Input |
| 26 |  | 024 | User Input |
| 27 |  | 025 | User Input |
| 28 |  | 026 | User Input |
| 29 |  | 027 | User Input |
| 30 |  | 028 | User Input |
| ${ }^{31}$ |  | 029 | User Input |
| 32 |  | 030 | User Input |
| ${ }^{33}$ |  | ${ }^{031}$ | User Input |
| 34 |  | 300 | Alam output |
| ${ }^{35}$ |  | 301 | Ready output |
| ${ }^{36}$ |  | 302 | Emergency stop output |
| 37 |  | 303 | User Input |
| 38 |  | 304 | User Input |
| 39 |  | 305 | User Input |
| 40 |  | 306 | User Input |
| 41 |  | 307 | User Input |
| 42 | Output | 308 | User Input |
| ${ }^{43}$ |  | 309 | User Input |
| 44 |  | 310 | User Input |
| 45 |  | 311 | User Input |
| 46 |  | 312 | User Input |
| 47 |  | 313 | User Input |
| 48 |  | 314 | User Input |
| 49 |  | 315 | User Input |
| 50 |  | - | Al-Purose Eu:Nc: Compact:ov |

Pins No. 1 and 50 are not used in All.Purpose EU tppe.
For compact type, connect t 24 V to Pin No. 1 and OV to Pin No. 50 .

Expansion I/O Signal Chart Expansion I/O Signal Chart

| Pin No. | Section | Port ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | Port No. Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | $\checkmark$ | nc |
| 2 |  |  | User Input |
| 3 |  |  | User Input |
| 4 |  |  | User Input |
| 5 |  |  | User Input |
| 6 |  |  | User Input |
| 7 |  |  | User Input |
| 8 |  |  | User Input |
| 9 |  |  | User Input |
| 10 |  |  | User Input |
| 11 |  |  | User Input |
| 12 |  |  | User Input |
| 13 |  |  | User Input |
| 14 |  |  | User Input |
| 15 |  |  | User Input |
| 16 |  |  | User Input |
| 17 | Input |  | User Input |
| 18 |  |  | User Input |
| 19 |  |  | User Input |
| 20 |  |  | User Input |
| 21 |  |  | User Input |
| 22 |  |  | User Input |
| 23 |  |  | User Input |
| 24 |  |  | User Input |
| 25 |  |  | User Input |
| 26 |  |  | User Input |
| 27 |  |  | User Input |
| 28 |  |  | User Input |
| 29 |  |  | User Input |
| 30 |  |  | User Input |
| 31 |  |  | User Input |
| 32 |  |  | User Input |
| 33 |  |  | User Input |
| 34 |  |  | User Input |
| 35 |  |  | User Input |
| 36 |  |  | User Input |
| 37 |  |  | User Input |
| 38 |  |  | User Input |
| 39 |  |  | User Input |
| 40 |  |  | User Input |
| ${ }_{4}$ |  |  | User Input |
| 42 | ouput |  | User Input |
| ${ }^{43}$ |  |  | User Input |
| 44 |  |  | User Input |
| 45 |  |  | User Input |
| 46 |  |  | User Input |
| 47 |  |  | User Input |
| 48 |  |  | User Input |
| 49 |  |  | User Input |
| 50 |  | - | nc |


| Pin No. | Section Port No. |  | Port No. Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | - | nc |
| 2 |  |  | User Input |
| 3 |  |  | User Input |
| 4 |  |  | User Input |
| 5 |  |  | User Input |
| 6 |  |  | User Input |
| 7 |  |  | User Input |
| 8 |  |  | User Input |
| 9 | Input |  | User Input |
| 10 |  |  | User Input |
| 11 |  |  | User Input |
| 12 |  |  | User Input |
| 13 |  |  | User Input |
| 14 |  |  | User Input |
| 15 |  |  | User Input |
| 16 |  |  | User Input |
| 17 |  |  | User Input |
| 18 |  |  | User Input |
| 19 |  |  | User Input |
| 20 |  |  | User Input |
| 21 |  |  | User Input |
| 22 |  |  | User Input |
| 23 |  |  | User Input |
| 24 |  |  | User Input |
| 25 |  |  | User Input |
| 26 |  |  | User Input |
| 27 |  |  | User Input |
| 28 |  |  | User Input |
| 29 |  |  | User Input |
| 30 |  |  | User Input |
| 31 |  |  | User Input |
| 32 |  |  | User Input |
| 33 |  |  | User Input |
| 34 | wut |  | User Input |
| 35 |  |  | User Input |
| 36 |  |  | User Input |
| 37 |  |  | User Input |
| 38 |  |  | User Input |
| 39 |  |  | User Input |
| 40 |  |  | User Input |
| 41 |  |  | User Input |
| 42 |  |  | User Input |
| 43 |  |  | User Input |
| 44 |  |  | User Input |
| 45 |  |  | User Input |
| 46 |  |  | User Input |
| 47 |  |  | User Input |
| 48 |  |  | User Inp |
| 49 |  |  | User Input |
| 50 |  | - | nc |

## Extemal Dimensions




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## Cables

Motor and encoder cables are included with the purchase of both actuator and controller together．Controllers include I／O and power cables．For purchasing
cables，refer to the cable types below．

## LS Cable（to Actuator）



－ The maximum length is 10 m ex） $080=8 \mathrm{~m}$


## Encoder Cable（to Connector Box）



Type CB－XCEU－PA－ロロロ
allis length of cable（L）．
The maximum length is 10 m
ex） $080=8 \mathrm{~m}$

| Wiring | Colour | Signal | No． | No． | Sign | Colour | Wiring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0．75s9 | Green | PE | 1 | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{ }$ | PE | Green | 0.7559 <br> （crimp） |
|  | Red | U | 2 | 1 | U | Red |  |
|  | White | v | 3 | 2 | v | White |  |
|  | Black | w | 4 | 3 | w | Black |  |

－ is length of cable（L）． The maximum length is 10 m ． ex） $080=8 \mathrm{~m}$
Motor Cable Type CB－XEU－MA－पवロ



Type CB－XCEU－LC－ロロロ ㅁㅁㄴ length of cable（ L ）． The maximum length is 10 m ex） $080=8 \mathrm{~m}$


## I／O Flat Cable


The maximum length is 10 m ． ex） $080=8 \mathrm{~m}$


The connectors below have connection plugs on the controller's side. Cables need to be wired by the customer.

## AC Power Source Input Connecter

This connecter is for AC $100 \mathrm{~V} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ power source
Cable is not included.)

wiring diagram signal No.


## System I/O Connecter

This connecter is for supplying power to the emergency stop, enable, and system ready terminals from the controller to PLC, etc
(Cable is not included.)


Plug : MC1.5/6-ST-3.5 (Phoenix)
wiring diagram


## I/O Power Source Connecter

This connecter is for supplying 24 V DC power source when using I/O at the controller (Cable is not included.)


# New generation controller 

 X-selSome of the new features unique to the X-SEL controller include the following:

- Absolute encoders
- Highspeed multi-tasking
- synchronous drive control

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - Infinite motion } \\
& \text { - Expansive I/0 } \\
& \text { - Network capability }
\end{aligned}
$$

- Push function
- Enhanced safety
- Enhanced Serviceability
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[^0]:    You can set the palletise points by just teaching 3 points, $A, B \& C$.

[^1]:    Total up to 3 boards of $l \mathrm{O}$ and SIO can be expanded when a network board is installed in the
    standard l/O connector slo.

[^2]:    * $\square \square \square=$ length of cables. ex) $050=5 \mathrm{~m}$

